Package: popthemes (via r-universe)

October 11, 2024

Title colour palettes from some 90s pop album covers

Version 0.0.0.9000

Description colour palettes based on pop album and single covers. Contains a mix of sequential and qualitative palettes.

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Imports ggplot2, scales, glue

Suggests dplyr, gapminder, testthat, covr

URL http://johnmackintosh.com/popthemes

Repository https://johnmackintosh.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/johnmackintosh/popthemes

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha cfd500f3adc9afd070c9962dd5a64c4ef13a6b12

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aqua_pal

aqua palette

Description

aqua palette

Usage

```
aqua_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_aqua(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_aqua(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_aqua(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	The set of the the orears to input the retains hours to output	

limits One of:

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

bangles_pal

Description

bangles palette

Usage

```
bangles_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_bangles(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_bangles(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_bangles(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	<pre>scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.</pre>	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

beck_pal

Description

beck palette

Usage

```
beck_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_beck(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_beck(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_beck(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	<pre>scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.</pre>	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

boo_pal

Description

boo palette

Usage

```
boo_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_boo(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_boo(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_boo(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

bwitched_pal

Description

bwitched palette

Usage

```
bwitched_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_bwitched(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_bwitched(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_bwitched(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

deeelite_pal

Description

deeelite palette

Usage

```
deeelite_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_deeelite(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_deeelite(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_deeelite(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	<pre>scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.</pre>	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

kelly_pal

Description

kelly palette

Usage

```
kelly_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_kelly(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_kelly(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_kelly(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	<pre>scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.</pre>	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

nodoubt_pal

Description

nodoubt palette

Usage

```
nodoubt_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_nodoubt(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_nodoubt(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_nodoubt(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	<pre>scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.</pre>	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	

- NULL to use the default scale values
- A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
- A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

pop_palette

Description

R package that contains color palettes based on pop album covers. See also: https://github.com/johnmackintosh/metallicaRt for metallica palettes

Usage

```
pop_palette(name, n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"))
```

Arguments

name	Name of palette. Select one: aqua, bangles, beck, boo, bwitched, deeelite,kell	
	nodoubt, rickroll,sclub7, spice,steps	
n	Number of colors desired.	
type	Either continuous or discrete.	

Details

and https://github.com/johnmackintosh/rockthemes for rock palettes

Value

A vector of colors.

Examples

pop_palette("aqua")

rickroll_pal rickroll palette

Description

rickroll palette

Usage

```
rickroll_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_rickroll(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_rickroll(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_rickroll(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

rickroll_pal

n	number of colors	
type	discrete or continuous	
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE	
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale	
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.	
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.	
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>	
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.	
	breaks One of:	
	• NULL for no breaks	
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)	
	• A character vector of breaks	
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output	
	labels One of:	
	• NULL for no labels	
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object	
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)	
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output	
	limits One of:	
	• NULL to use the default scale values	
	• A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order	
	• A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones	
	expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to gen- erate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.	
	na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show miss- ing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.	
	<pre>na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is al- ways placed at the far right.</pre>	
	drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.	

- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
- super The super class to use for the constructed scale

sclub_pal sclub palette

Description

sclub palette

Usage

```
sclub_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_sclub(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_sclub(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_sclub(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors
type	discrete or continuous

reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.
	palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g.,
	<pre>scales::hue_pal()).</pre>
	name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.
	breaks One of:
	• NULL for no breaks
	• waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)
	• A character vector of breaks
	• A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output labels One of:
	• NULL for no labels
	• waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object
	• A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)
	• A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output
	limits One of:
	• NULL to use the default scale values
	• A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
	• A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
	expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to gen- erate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
	<pre>na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show miss- ing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.</pre>
	<pre>na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is al- ways placed at the far right.</pre>
	drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
	guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
	position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.
	super The super class to use for the constructed scale

spice_pal

```
spice palette
```

Description

spice palette

Usage

```
spice_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_spice(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_spice(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_spice(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

n	number of colors
type	discrete or continuous
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.

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- palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).
- name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.
- breaks One of:
 - NULL for no breaks
 - waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)
 - · A character vector of breaks
 - A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output
- labels One of:
 - NULL for no labels
 - waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object
 - A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)
 - A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output
- limits One of:
 - NULL to use the default scale values
 - A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
 - A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.

super The super class to use for the constructed scale

Examples

library(scales)
show_col(spice_pal()(9))

steps_h_pal steps_h palette

Description

steps_h palette

Usage

```
steps_h_pal(n, type = c("discrete", "continuous"), reverse = FALSE)
scale_color_steps_h(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_colour_steps_h(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
scale_fill_steps_h(n, type = "discrete", reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

n	number of colors
type	discrete or continuous
reverse	reverse order, Default: FALSE
	Arguments passed on to ggplot2::discrete_scale
	aesthetics The names of the aesthetics that this scale works with.
	scale_name The name of the scale that should be used for error messages as- sociated with this scale.
	<pre>palette A palette function that when called with a single integer argument (the number of levels in the scale) returns the values that they should take (e.g., scales::hue_pal()).</pre>

name The name of the scale. Used as the axis or legend title. If waiver(), the default, the name of the scale is taken from the first mapping used for that aesthetic. If NULL, the legend title will be omitted.

breaks One of:

- NULL for no breaks
- waiver() for the default breaks (the scale limits)
- · A character vector of breaks
- A function that takes the limits as input and returns breaks as output

labels One of:

- NULL for no labels
- waiver() for the default labels computed by the transformation object
- A character vector giving labels (must be same length as breaks)
- A function that takes the breaks as input and returns labels as output
- limits One of:
 - NULL to use the default scale values
 - A character vector that defines possible values of the scale and their order
 - A function that accepts the existing (automatic) values and returns new ones
- expand For position scales, a vector of range expansion constants used to add some padding around the data to ensure that they are placed some distance away from the axes. Use the convenience function expansion() to generate the values for the expand argument. The defaults are to expand the scale by 5% on each side for continuous variables, and by 0.6 units on each side for discrete variables.
- na.translate Unlike continuous scales, discrete scales can easily show missing values, and do so by default. If you want to remove missing values from a discrete scale, specify na.translate = FALSE.
- na.value If na.translate = TRUE, what aesthetic value should the missing values be displayed as? Does not apply to position scales where NA is always placed at the far right.
- drop Should unused factor levels be omitted from the scale? The default, TRUE, uses the levels that appear in the data; FALSE uses all the levels in the factor.
- guide A function used to create a guide or its name. See guides() for more information.
- position For position scales, The position of the axis. left or right for y axes, top or bottom for x axes.

super The super class to use for the constructed scale

```
library(scales)
show_col(steps_h_pal()(9))
```

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(airquality, aes(x = Day, y = Temp,
```

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